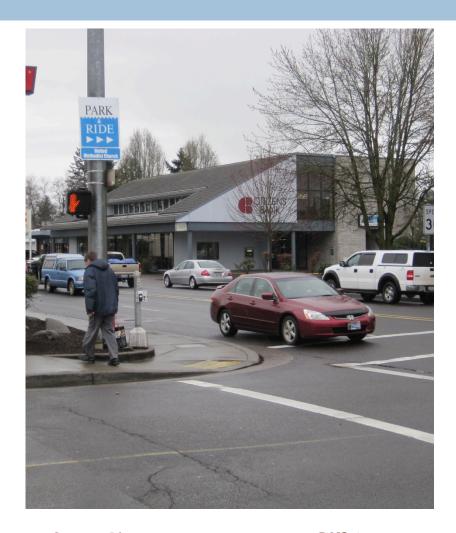
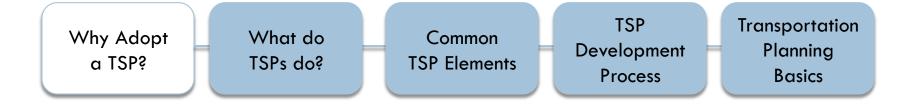
TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM PLANNING

An Introduction for Citizen Representatives

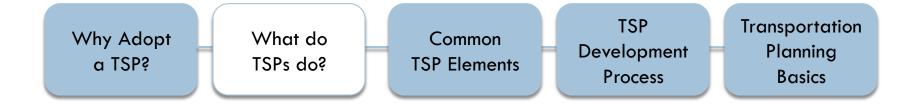
Overview

- Why Adopt a TSP?
- What do TSPs do?
- Common TSP Elements
- TSP Development Process
- TransportationPlanning Basics





- Required by the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) OAR 660-012-0015
- Serves as the transportation element of a local comprehensive plan
- Provides long range direction for development of transportation facilities and services for all modes
- Ensures the planned systems are adequate to meet the needs of planned land uses
- Facilitates cost-effective use of public funds
- Demonstrates project need and readiness



What MUST a TSP do?

- Provide consistency with state and regional plans
- Establish an efficient network of arterials / collectors
- Standards for layout, spacing, and connectivity of local streets
- Protect facilities and corridors for intended uses
- Provide a public transportation plan to meet basic needs
- Network of sidewalks and bikeways linking residential areas to activity centers
- Finance program that is reasonably likely
- Implementing code and ordinances

Why Adopt a TSP?

What do TSPs do?

Common TSP Elements

TSP Development Process

Transportation Planning Basics

What SHOULD a TSP do?

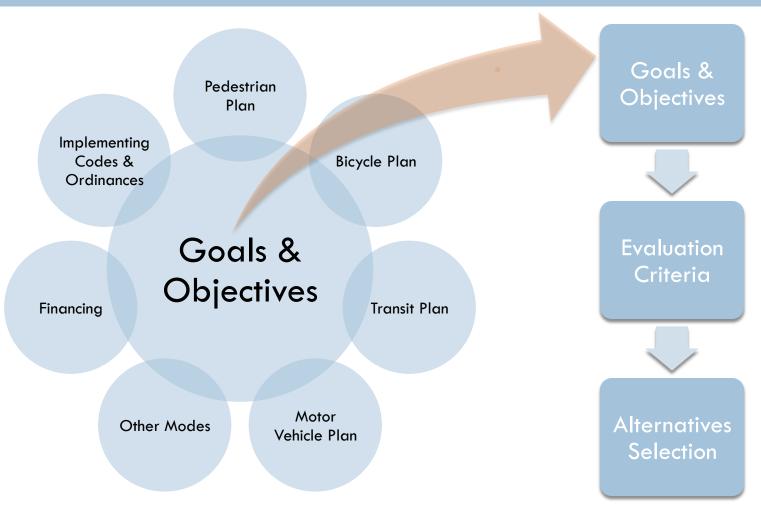
- Decisions consistent with community vision and expectation for future
- Support a variety of travel choices
- Serve all people in community
- Promote safe and secure travel
- Support local and state economy
- Minimize impacts to natural and built environment

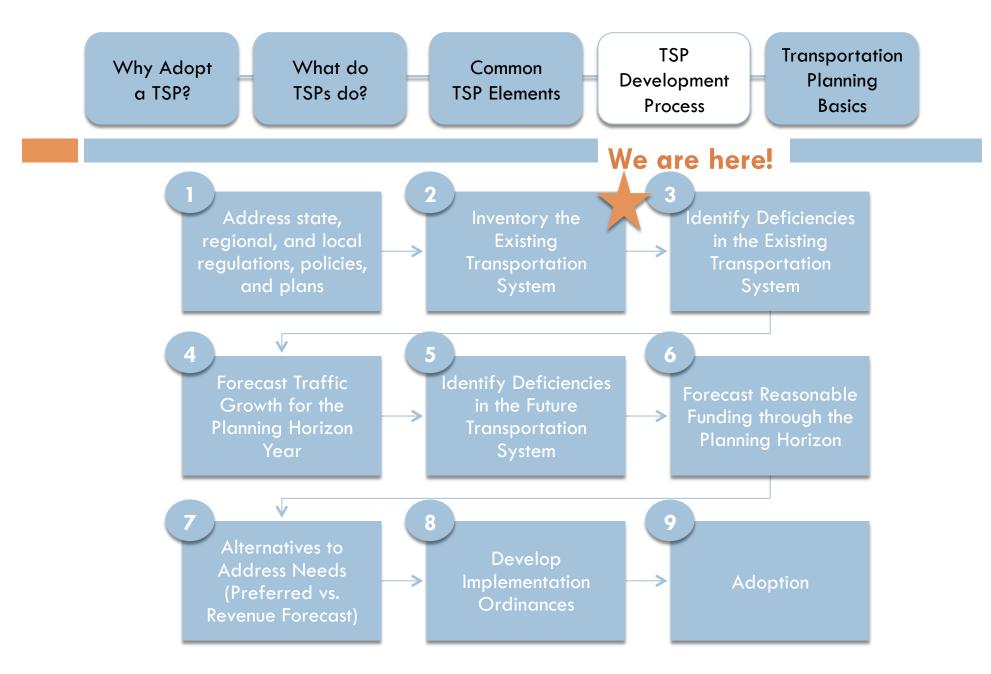
What do TSPs do?

Common TSP Elements

TSP
Development
Process

Transportation
Planning
Basics





What do TSPs do?

Common TSP Elements

TSP
Development
Process

Transportation
Planning
Basics

Pedestrians

- Sidewalks & Trails
- Out of Direction Travel
- Buffer in high-speed corridors
- Direct access from street





- Accessible facilities (ADA)
- Access to transit, parks, schools, shopping
- \square ½-mile primary radius

What do TSPs do?

Common TSP Elements

TSP
Development
Process

Transportation
Planning
Basics

Bicycles

- \square Bike lanes = 5 to 6 feet
- □ Shoulder bikeways = 6 feet
- Separate facilities needed above 25 mph or 3,000 vehicles per day







- Provision of bike parking
- Well-defined, clean routes
- Bike Boxes, Bicycle Blvds, and more...

Why Adopt a TSP?

What do TSPs do?

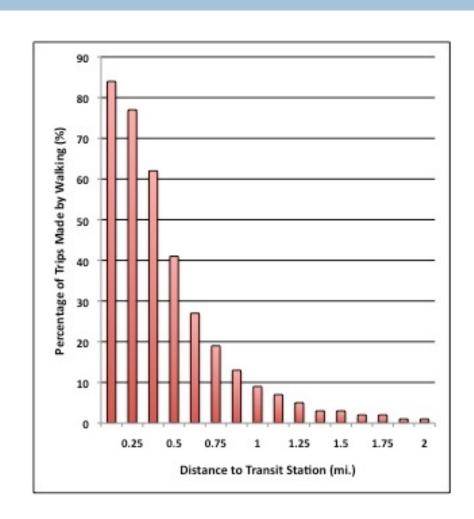
Common TSP Elements

TSP Development Planning Basics

Basics

Transit

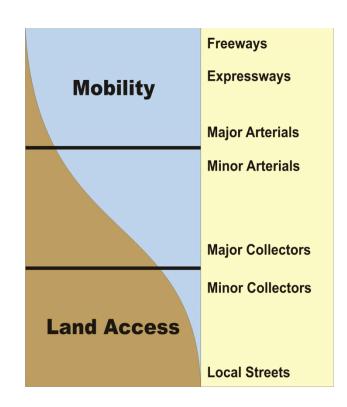
- Make transit accessible
 - \square ½-mile for walking
 - \square ½-mile for biking
- Accommodate stop locations



Why Adopt a TSP? What do TSPs do? Common TSP Elements Process TSP Development Process Transportation Planning Basics

Roadway Functional Classifications

- Hierarchy system to achieve mobility and accessibility
- Determined by characteristics:
 - Function
 - Access density
 - Traffic demands
 - Trip length
 - Expected speed



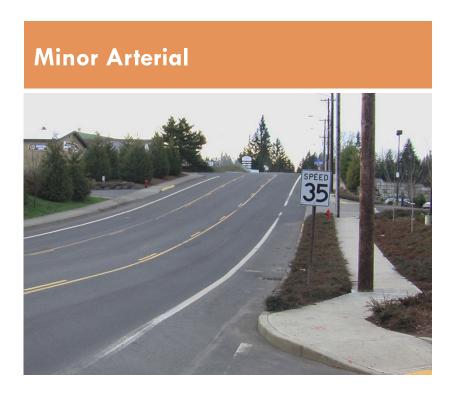
What do TSPs do?

Common TSP Elements

TSP
Development
Process

Transportation
Planning
Basics

Roadway Functional Classifications



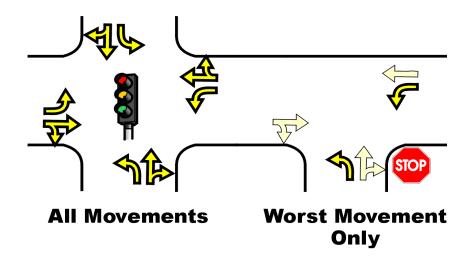
Collector



Why Adopt a TSP? What do TSPs do? Common TSP Elements Process TSP Development Process Transportation Planning Basics

Motor Vehicle Mobility

- Commonly measured by:
 - Delay (level of service)
 - Example: "This intersection is operating at LOS C."
- Percent of capacity (v/c ratio)
 - Example: "This intersection is operating at a v/c ratio of 0.80."



What do TSPs do?

Common TSP Elements

TSP
Development
Process

Transportation
Planning
Basics

Safety

- and severity)
- □ Sight Distance
- Geometric Deficiencies





Why Adopt a TSP? What do TSPs do? Common TSP Elements Process TSP Development Process Transportation Planning Basics

Non-capacity related strategies

Transportation Systems Management (TSM)

- Signal Timing
- Access Management
- Traffic Calming
- Connectivity
- Functional ClassificationSystem

Transportation Demand Management (TDM)

- Employee Shift Management
- Telecommuting
- Transit
- Walking and Biking Programs
- Carpooling

